CLAIMS

- 1. A screen printing ink comprising:
- micelle structural particles formed by aggregating

 molecules of ammonium acrylate to dispersed particles

 containing phenol resin, and
 - a dispersion medium for dispersing the micelle structural particles.
- 2. The screen printing ink according to claim 1, wherein the dispersion medium is water.
- 3. The screen printing ink according to claim 1, wherein a hydrogen ion exponent of the ink is in a 15 range of from pH 6.5 to pH 8.5.
- 4. The screen printing ink according to claim 1,
 wherein the phenol resin is contained in an amount
 of from 1.0 wt% to 14.0 wt%, and the ammonium acrylate is
 contained in an amount of from 2.0 wt% to 4.0 wt%.
 - 5. A screen printing ink production method comprising:
- a step A for preparing latex by dispersing dispersed

 25 particles containing phenol resin into a dispersion medium,

 and
 - a step B for mixing a viscosity improver containing ammonium acrylate with the latex.

6. The screen printing ink production method according to claim 5, wherein

the step A includes;

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preparing a phenol resin solution by mixing fine particles of the phenol resin and polyvinyl alcohol, and

preparing the dispersed particles by dispersing the phenol resin solution into the dispersion medium.

7. The screen printing ink production method according to claim 5,

wherein the viscosity improver is an aqueous solution of the ammonium acrylate.

8. The screen printing ink production method according to claim 5,

wherein the viscosity improver has a hydrogen ion exponent in a range of from pH 6.5 to pH 8.5.

9. A production method of a speaker edge comprising:
forming a printed pattern on a fabric by screen
printing by using an ink, the ink including micelle
structural particles formed by aggregating molecules of
ammonium acrylate to dispersed particles containing phenol
resin, and a dispersion medium for dispersing the micelle
structural particles,

heat-molding a portion of the printed pattern into a predetermined shape, and

cutting out the heat-molding portion.

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10. A production method of a speaker damper comprising:

forming a printed pattern on a fabric by screen printing by using an ink, the ink including micelle structural particles formed by aggregating molecules of ammonium acrylate to dispersed particles containing phenol resin, and a dispersion medium for dispersing the micelle structural particles,

heat-molding a portion of the printed pattern into a predetermined shape, and

cutting out the heat-molding portion.